

Swedish Program for International Climate Initiatives

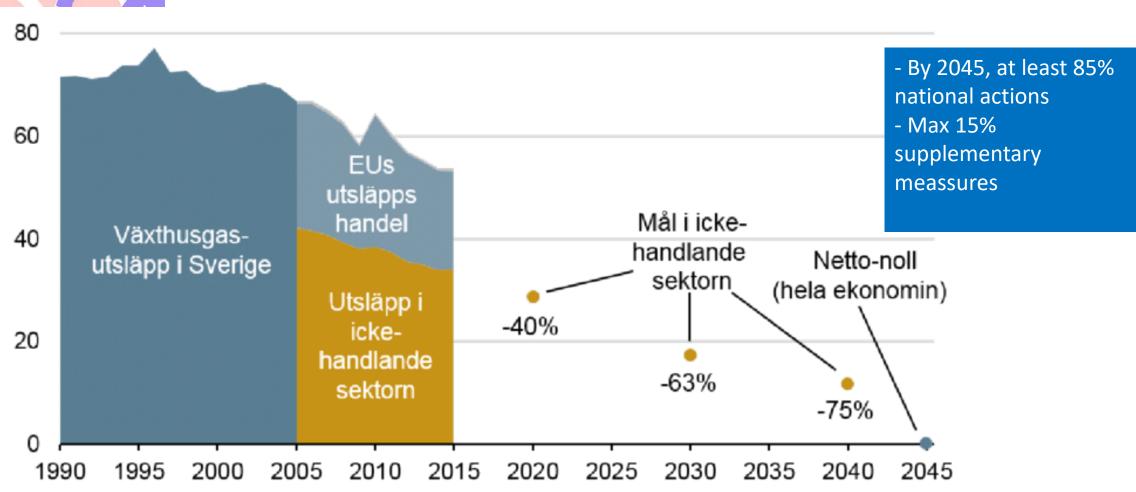
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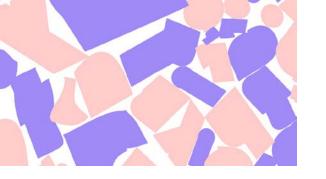


Climate Policy Framework

- Climate Policy Framework in 2017
- Climate Act
- Zero net emission of GHG by 2045 and negative emissions thereafter
- Climate Council

Swedish climate target





Swedish Program for International Climate Initiatives

Enable ambition raising through international climate cooperation and market mechanism

- Support the development of robust rules and procedures of international climate cooperation
- Support cost-effective mitigation activities in developing countries
- Increase the flexibility on how climate target can be achieved

International Climate Initiatives under the Kyoto Protocol – 2,3 billion SEK

Multilateral cooperation

Bilateral programs: 91 programs in 23 länder

Future Carbon Fund (FCF)









Umbrella Carbon Fund Tranche 2



Asia Pacific Carbon Fund (APCF)

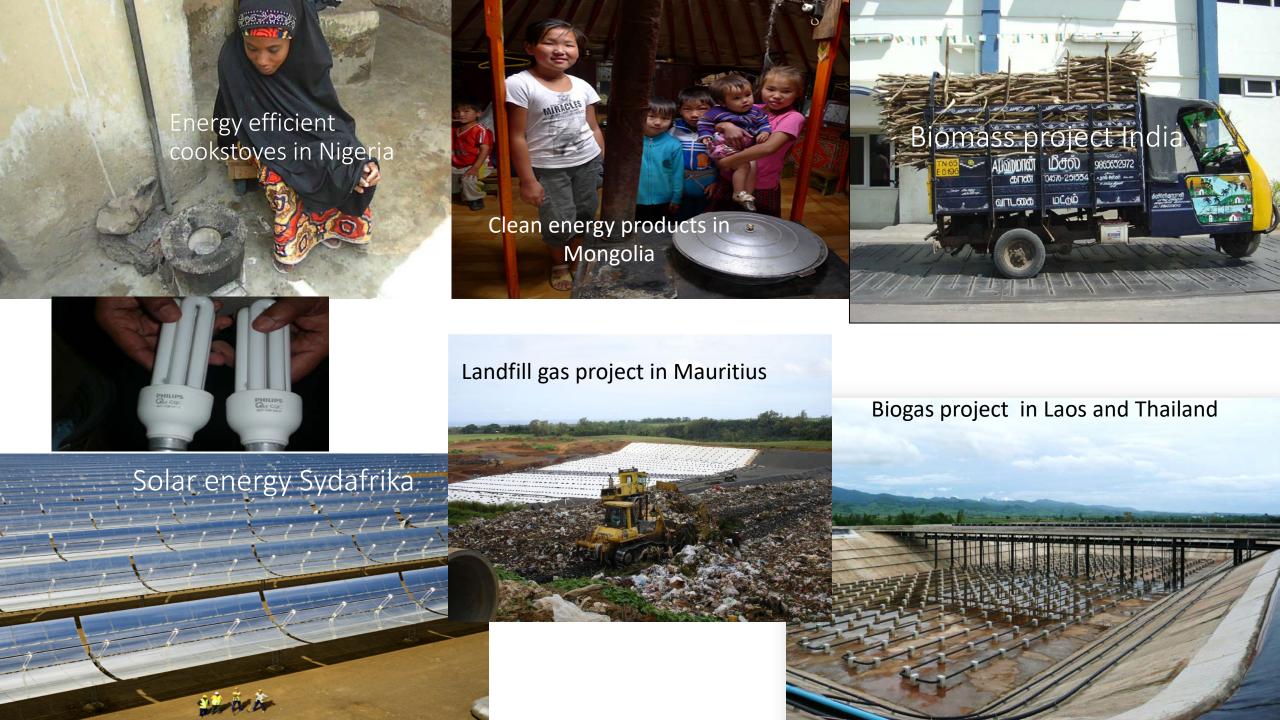


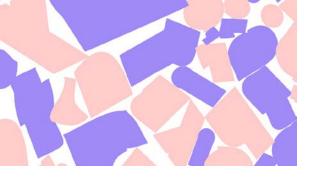
Multilateral Carbon Credit Fund (MCCF)



The Baltic Sea Region Testing Ground Facility







Swedish Program for International Climate Initiatives under the Paris Agreement

- **Purpose:** (i) Enable ambition-raising through supporting the development of the instruments (ii) Purchase of international emission reduction units to contribute to the Swedish climate target.
- **Criteria**: (i) low and middle-income countries, (ii) sectoral approach, (iii) energy-sector
- Current budget: 50 million SEK/year



Development of new collaborations under Article 6 in the Paris agreement

- Rulebook is still being negotiated in the UNFCCC
- Eligibility criteria not set
- Readiness and pilots
 - Transformative Carbon Asset Facility (World Bank)
 - Virtual Pilots (Swedish Energy Agency)
 - Carbon-Initiative for Development (World Bank)
 - Partnership for Market Readiness (World Bank)
 - Carbon Partnership Facility (World Bank)
 - ADB Article 6 Facility (ADB)
 - Nordic Initiative for Cooperative Approaches (NEFCO)



Transformative Carbon Asset Facility

- International finance facility piloting innovative, result-based carbon market mechanism under Article 6.
- TCAF supports developing countries in planning, implementing, and scaling up their climate plans (NDC) to accelerate the transition to low-carbon economies.
- Fund capital 205 million USD
- Fund Manager: World Bank
- Participants: Norway, UK, Switzerland, Sweden, Germany and Canada
- Operationalized in 2017





Lessons learned so far

- Long-term engagement
 - Multilayered and holistic efforts are important
- Institutional infrastructure to reconcile NDC target, GHG emissions inventory and accounting for transfer of emission reduction units
- Long-term development plans and roadmaps are important
- Baseline setting is challenging
 - Translating national targets into sectoral or sub-sectoral targets is challenging but necessary to determine a robust baseline
 - Requires multiple assumptions associated with high uncertainty



Lessons learned so far

- High standards of emissions data required
 - Data availability of sector GHG inventory to set the baseline and target
 - Emission reduction unit transferred needs to be adjusted in the inventory
- Dynamic and conservative baselines
- Attribution in policy landscape
- Many countries are hesitant to engage in Article 6
 - Rules are not set
 - Risk of overselling needs to be addressed



Thank you!

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EXTRA



Types of programs to be supported by TCAF

Policy-based programs

 Energy sector reforms, fiscal policy changes, pricing and regulatory measures to promote sustainable mobility

Sector-based programs

 ERs from combination of increasing energy efficiency, promoting the use of alternative fuels, and increasing the use of renewable electricity.